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ommunists In Latin America

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President Eisenhower, labelling the Castro regime in Cuba Communist through the invocation of the "Kersten amendment" in the Mutual Security Act, has formally set forth a viewpoint that has been prevalent in diplomatic and deligence circles for some time. Official pronouncements from the State Department have earlier described the Castro government as is that the regime is Communist-controlled.

It is interesting to reflect, in view of this development, on the discussion of communism in Latin America by a man who is certainly in a position to know the subject well. He is Lyman B. Kirkpatrick, inspector general of the Central Intelligence Agency, and his discussion was before the Commonwealth Club of California in San Francisco.

Mr. Kirkpatrick was, according to reports of his address, explicit in his delineation of Communist infiltration in Latin America, making several points that deserve to be brought to the attention of the public seeking an understanding of current developments in that area. Since the end of the area and it is linked closely with it is hoped that the new administra-World War II, he declared, the Communists have greatly intensified their activities in the countries to the south of us, and have employed their diplomatic installations and trade delegations to bring about a larger area of influence.

He described another infiltration project as the thousands of "cultural missions" that have provided Communist countries with an opportunity to receive delegations from Latin American countries and work out arrangements of mutual benefit.

official pointed out that contributing to the difficulty is the rapid social and economic change that has come to nearly all Latin American countries in recent years, with these countries embarking on large and sometimes over-ambitious plans for industrial development and income diversification. The campaign industrialization, he said, has brough

a series of economic crises and the the Communists who profess to have are making progress, but Mr. Kirkthe answers and are working diligently patrick prudently warned against any to turn the tide in their favor. The rash or ill-considered act on the part CIA leader declared that "to take of people in the United States. "We revantage of the situation, the eco-should exercise self-restraint and care nomic and diplomatic strength is being in judging individuals, movements employed consciously and aggressively and governments," he declared. "An to supplement the activities of the emotional preoccupation with, or an national Communist parties, the inter-over-estimation of the capabilities of national fronts and the Communist the Communists can only hamper our intelligence services, with the objectiforts. The United States has tens of tive to create and maintain an environ-millions of friends in Latin America ment in which home-grown revoluand they look to us as friends and tions can thrive and be protected."

Citing the tremendous use of the youth movements by the Communist-to follow it has injured us many times influenced elements, Mr. Kirkpatrickin our efforts to curb Communist described this as one of the most activity and promote the general the area, and it is linked closely with it is hoped that the new administrathe efforts of the Communists to tion will have a constructive program infiltrate and control the labor and o offer in the Latin American crisis, trade unions, which are growing one that will halt the Communists and rapidly in the rising industrialization work toward the improvement of the countries. Peasants are also the conditions. target of the party workers who are aided by the centuries-old conditions of poverty and neglect.

The Communists are active and they allies in this struggle."

This is sensible advice, and refusal